State, Federal, and Interstate Roles in Conservation

A. J. Winkler

The objectives of this report are to illustrate the need for and the potential of cooperation in conservation between the federal and state governments. The report is based on the experiences of the Consolidated Conservation District in Delaware and the Delaware Valley. The report concludes with a discussion of the benefits of cooperation between the federal and state governments in conservation.

Hybrid Vigor In Dairy Herds By Crossing in Breed

W. A. Regan

The principle of hybrid vigor is well known in agriculture, but its application to dairy cattle is not yet fully understood. The purpose of this report is to summarize the results of research on the use of hybrid vigor in dairy cattle in the United States.

Constant Research For the Control Of Citrus Thrips

W. H. Ewart

Citrus thrips are a serious pest in California, and their control is a constant challenge. This report summarizes the progress made in the research on the control of citrus thrips in California.

Investigations in Poultry Disease Problems Reported

Attempts to develop an improved vaccine for Newcastle disease have been made, but the results are not yet conclusive. This report summarizes the latest research on the development of an improved Newcastle disease vaccine.

Vol. 1
April, 1947
No. 5
Second Growth Redwood Worthy of Good Management Practices To Obtain Perpetual Income

Fred N. Briggs

Some improvements are of special interest. Many legislatures need reorganization to ensure fewer but more efficient committees. One or two legislative committees might seem sufficient for dealing with the economic and social problems. This applies as well to such natural resources as agricultural land, forests, water, and minerals. A few experienced professional staffs for the legislatures might be better than existing independent governmental functions.

State—Federal Cooperation Much has been written lately about the need for state and federal cooperation in the management of natural resources, especially in agriculture.

State—Federal cooperation is necessary for the following reasons:

1. The benefits of state and federal cooperation are available more completely to the total country than to any single state or group of states. The benefits are available to the entire country, and the country as a whole is the natural unit for determining resource policy.

2. Federal assistance is available to the states, and the states, in turn, are able to give assistance to local communities. This cooperation is necessary to ensure that the benefits of state and federal cooperation are distributed evenly throughout the country.

3. Federal assistance is available to the states, and the states, in turn, are able to give assistance to local communities. This cooperation is necessary to ensure that the benefits of state and federal cooperation are distributed evenly throughout the country.

4. Federal assistance is available to the states, and the states, in turn, are able to give assistance to local communities. This cooperation is necessary to ensure that the benefits of state and federal cooperation are distributed evenly throughout the country.

5. Federal assistance is available to the states, and the states, in turn, are able to give assistance to local communities. This cooperation is necessary to ensure that the benefits of state and federal cooperation are distributed evenly throughout the country.

6. Federal assistance is available to the states, and the states, in turn, are able to give assistance to local communities. This cooperation is necessary to ensure that the benefits of state and federal cooperation are distributed evenly throughout the country.

7. Federal assistance is available to the states, and the states, in turn, are able to give assistance to local communities. This cooperation is necessary to ensure that the benefits of state and federal cooperation are distributed evenly throughout the country.

8. Federal assistance is available to the states, and the states, in turn, are able to give assistance to local communities. This cooperation is necessary to ensure that the benefits of state and federal cooperation are distributed evenly throughout the country.

9. Federal assistance is available to the states, and the states, in turn, are able to give assistance to local communities. This cooperation is necessary to ensure that the benefits of state and federal cooperation are distributed evenly throughout the country.

10. Federal assistance is available to the states, and the states, in turn, are able to give assistance to local communities. This cooperation is necessary to ensure that the benefits of state and federal cooperation are distributed evenly throughout the country.